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...for the East leaves Ash st. ... daily at 3:15 P. M.,

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TO OREGON CITY, DAYTON AND ...

... leaves Portland at 7 A. M. and ... Mondays and Fridays, for Dayton, ... leaves Dayton at 8 A. M. Tuesdays ... Wednesdays, for Portland. ... leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Monday and Thursday, ... land's 2 P. M. Wednesday and Saturday.

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	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
...tland	8:00 A. M.	Ashland	...:15 P. M.
...tland	...:45 P. M.	Portland	...:15 A. M.

Albany Express Train.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
...tland	4:00 P. M.	Lebanon	...:00 P. M.
...non	...:05 A. M.	Portland	...:00 A. M.

...ullman Palace Sleeping Cars

Daily between Portland and Ashland.

... U. & C. R. R. Ferry makes connection with ... ...ar trains on the East Side Div. from ... of R.R.

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...TWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS. Mail Train.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
...tland	8:00 A. M.	Corvallis	...:25 P. M.
...vallis	...:35 P. M.	Portland	...:15 P. M.

... Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon ... for Yaquina Bay.

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	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
...tland	4:30 P. M.	Westonville	...:00 P. M.
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Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 27—NO. 8355. PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1887. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1887.

A JACKSONIAN WANTED.

It is evident that our democratic brethren want a president who will dea out "patronage" in Jacksonian fashion. True enough, Mr. Cleveland has given them three-quarters of the offices, and the policy he is pursuing will give them the remaining one-quarter before the close of his term; but this proceeding is quite too slow for their eagerness and zeal, and in large degree it ignores the idea that the offices are to be parceled out as rewards for party service. This has a chilling effect.

Moreover, President Cleveland is carrying on the government substantially upon principles of republican administration. In management of the finances he has not deviated in any important particular from republican policy. Moreover, he appears to accept all the great purposes and measures of the republican party, which the democratic party opposed and resisted so long, as established irrevocably, he has nothing to say about "the unconstitutional usurpations and outrages that characterized twenty-four years of republican rule" Hig words, therefore, are tame. They do no fire the democratic heart.

The New York *World* conceives it to be its duty to show that Mr Cleveland is not in favor with his party, and that Gov. Hill, of New York, appears to be the coming man. It says: "The fact that the rank and file of the democratic party are turning in large numbers to Gov Hill as a presidential candidate for 1888 is an interesting piece of news, and one which we have no right or wish to conceal from our readers It is our mission to find the news and our duty to tell the truth about it." The *World* has therefore made special inquiries among the democratic members of the legislatures of several states, among them New York and Pennsylvania, and it finds that President Cleveland, in the number of his supporters, falls far behind Gov. Hill.

The reason seems to be that a representative of ancient democracy is wanted, and President Cleveland does not fill the requirement But here the cruel mugwump thrusts in the remark (it is *Harper's Weekly* that speaks) that "it was Grover Cleveland who was elected in 1884, not the democratic party" It is very probable that if the real sentiment of the party should control the action of the next democratic convention Mr. Cleveland would not be nominated, but the party, when the emergency comes upon it, will be very likely to do as it did before, that is, nominate a man who doesn't represent its wishes, through fear of defeat at the polls of one whom it would call "a true democrat."

WORSHIPPED BY DISBELIEVERS.

The democracy always celebrate the birthday of Washington, and yet it is difficult to see why Washington should be included among their honored dead. If there was anything that Washington cordially hated and feared, it was the peculiar principles of Jefferson, the typical democrat who sowed the seed that flowered in nullification and fruited in state supremacy, secession and rebellion

Washington was a nationalist and a republican, he was always a patriotic statesman, first to detect and first to denounce in the Jefferson resolutions of 1798 the serpent seed of disunion and civil war Jefferson was a man of original political genius a patriot and statesman during the revolution, his subsequent career was full of glory and yet not without its shame, for Jefferson, man of genius and state man as he was, sometimes sank the statesman in the politician, and sometimes cropped lower still to the muddy depths of a demagogue The purchase of Louisiana was a bright rose in the chaplet of Jefferson, but in his Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of 1798 he platted a crown of thorns for the republic. Jefferson doubtless builded worse than he knew, he hated Hamilton, and his prime purpose was to triumph as a politician by opposing Hamilton at every effort for national consolidation,

and when he had satisfied his ambition with the presidency he ceased aggressively to preach his state supremacy incendiary doctrines; but the error he commended lived to become evil after him, he above all other men was responsible for this thorn in the flesh of the nation. All that Washington and those who fed on his spirit have wrought stands for the weal of the republic, but from Jefferson's doctrine of state supremacy dates the woes of war and discord that have since wrenched the states. Hamilton, inspired by Washington, never ceased to teach the doctrine of union and nationality, and with his death and the retirement of Jefferson from active politics the debate languished for lack of able disputants, but soon the genius of Calhoun grasped the sword and shield of Jefferson and wielded them with dangerous skill until his death.

Jefferson stands for the historical virtues and vices of the democratic party, while Washington, the first great federalist, taught the doctrine of union and nationality to Hamilton, from Hamilton it passed to Webster, and from Webster to Lincoln and Stanton. Washington's worship at a democratic banquet as "the foremost exponent in his time of good, sound democratic doctrines" is absurd, for Washington was not the champion of state supremacy, of nullification or secession. So far is the democratic party to-day by its record stands for any distinctive political doctrines that separate it from the republican theory and practice under the constitution, Washington was always its foe. He dreaded Jefferson; he trusted Hamilton These great men were the founders and leaders of the two warring schools of American statesmen who construed the constitution, one as a believer in the doctrine of state supremacy, the other as the defender and disseminator of the doctrine of federal supremacy.

EXCELLENT SUGGESTIONS

In the *Prohibition Star* we notice a fine article entitled, "Get a Farm" That is the way to relief from dependence and poverty, that is the way to a life of health, temperance, usefulness and happiness There is land to be had, government is giving away. The *Star* says

Of the 40,000 sh.re Rates or 25,000,000 acres of cultivatable land in Oregon much still remains unclaimed. A great part of the Coast mountains, which contain some of the best land in our state, is still open to settlement Any man who is of age may get him a quarter section If he labors upon it with the same industry that he must have in order to make his living at something else he ought to have, at the end of two years twenty five acres under cultivation This, in timber or brush land in more favorable locations, much more Such a farm ought to be worth somewhere from $1000 to $3000, and is steadily augmenting Any ordinary laborer, who can make a showing of this much property is doing well Few do as much

There is no way of promoting the cause of temperance, industry and thrift equal to that of getting people to go into the country and to seize these opportunities The *Star* adds this statement and THE OREGONIAN supports and confirms it, because it knows from abundant observation and experience that every word is true

Some young men may think it a great punishment to live in the woods or wilds but such a life has its compensations It has a freedom and independence and self development found nowhere else There is usually a ruggedness and a healthfulness both of mind and body that others do not enjoy. Life in new settlements is not necessarily lonely or rude. No one may have more of the refinements and pleasures of home than the settler

With few exceptions Eastern newspapers, of both parties, commend Mr. Cleve and's veto of the pauper pension bill. The Philadelphia *Press*, a republican journal, states about the average opinion when it says: "Many of he president's criticisms of the bill are well founded. No one seems to know whether it would cost the nation $5,000,000 a year or $50,000,000 The bill was drawn with such liberality and vagueness of language that there is grave reason to fear that had it, or should it yet become a law, it would impose on the national treasury a host of men who do not need or do not deserve this liberal bounty of a too lavish government." President Grant vetoed a similar bill. President Hayes signed a pension bill which it was supposed would cost $20,000,000. Up to date it has cost nearly $200,000,000. The pension system is right, but to keep it right it must be held to right principles.

THE HUMAN WASHINGTON.

The anniversary of Washington's birthday recalls the great work and grand character of that first and best of our history's immortals. Washington belonged to a class of men whose fame grows brighter with the flight of time. His physical energy and courage were tempered by extraordinary wisdom in war, as a patriot he was without stain on his unselfishness. This is the popular picture of Washington in American school histories, but this was not the whole of Washington, nor was it the best of him. Washington was not a wooden man, he was a man of strong pass ons which he kept under careful control, he was honorably ambitious, he traded horses, he bought lottery tickets. As a young man he was quick to fall in love; wrote sentimental verses to his "best girl," like other young fellows, and sent to London to the last day of life for his clothes. He wore silver lace hats, silver shoe buckles, gold sleeve buttons, silk coats, kid gloves, etc., and had his horse's hoofs blackened when about to appear on parade. He was fond of pictures and books, and liked to have young people about him He had the tastes and habits of a wealthy Virginia gentleman, and his wife who was a wealthy widow when he married her, wore silk stockings, satin shoes, and velvet petticoats, the servants wore livery and for his step daughter, Martha Custis Washington, he ordered from London a doll costing five dollars and "a very good spinet," while the children's books ordered were bound in turkey morocco In his social tastes Washington was an aristocrat and was descended from ancestors that adhered to the fortunes of the Stuarts during the civil war. In his youth he was distinguished for energy, endurance and daring, but was not considered a brilliant man. Hutchinson, one of the royal governors of the Massachusetts colony in his diary under date of March 24th, 1758 writes "Boucher (a Maryland clergyman) lived ten years near Washington and was very intimate, though his capacity below mediocrity, by no means equal to such a post, civil and polite"

There is nothing remarkable in this. Human nature was as prone then as it is now to measure men by mere fluency and vivacity of speech rather than by the solid strength of understanding exhibited in action. Washington was as averse as Grant to public speech and lacked Grant's really superior conversational powers. Jefferson and Hamilton both relate anecdotes of Washington which prove clearly that his natural temper was exceedingly passionate. Col. Humphreys, one of Washington's aides, at the presidential levee in New York city, having placed the president in the ante-room, gave the signal that the ceremonies were about to commence. Leading the way, followed by the president, Humphreys threw open the portals of the audience room, exposing the stately form of the president to the assembled throng, and entered the presence room simultaneously shouting in stentorian tones: "The president of the United States of America." The equanimity of Washington was noticeably affected, but after recovering from the first shock of Humphrey's vigorous and regal announcement he went through the occasion without showing any signs of the storm raging under his buff vest. Hardly had the last of the company disappeared, leaving Washington and his master of ceremonies confronting each other alone, than the father of his country, in a burst of indignation, exclaimed "Well, Col. Humphreys, you have taken me in once, but, ——, you shall never take me in a second time"

There are authentic stories of a few other occasions when in war and peace Washington's suppressed passion broke loose with volcanic violence and heat, but they were so rare that they not only do not lower him with his countrymen, but rather help to round out the picture of the human Washington, who was not only respected, but loved, and to suffer us gratefully to turn the picture of the wooden Washington, which school boys used to be called upon to wax man of cold blood, but warm, benevolent heart, veiled somewhat by his stately manners. Such men are rarely popular. Their unbroken rectitude of life is a standing reproach and impeachment of the conduct of men of lower aims and looser principles, and their dignity repels too familiar friendships, while it inspires respect; but Washington was no such dull, wooden, "goody-goody" demigodlas we find depicted in the early lives of this great man. He was a fair, blue-eyed man of the finest Saxon type, six feet high, stalwart, full blooded, of passionate temper, and naturally imperious nature, but he was a man of conscience, and so completely conquered his irascibility that he seldom lost his self command. He is the noblest figure of his time, for he was one of those best men constructed out of great natural faults. He ruled his passions, he never hesitated promptly to apologize for unjust speech or action, he emancipated his slaves, he was from first to last an incorruptible patriot, and his understanding was so large and so unclouded by selfish ambition that in the gift of political prescience he surpassed all men of his time. He was ingenuous, upright, able, energetic and wise, both in counsel and action. He was austere and lofty to those who loved him not, while Jefferson could be sweet as summer to all, whether friend or foe, if he sought to be victorious in public policy or private purpose. Jefferson loved music, Madeira wine, good clothes, good dinners, books and conversation; he was as benevolent as Washington in temper, but his benevolence, like his patriotism, was often subordinated to his selfishness. He was distant from Washington about as far as Seward, whom he greatly resembled, was from Lincoln Jefferson and Seward were both convivial, of easy nature, amiable temper, and philosophic intellect, masters of diplomatic art and political finesse, who were sometimes content to surrender to politics the finest opportunity for patriotic statesmanship

The most revolutionary part of Washington's life proves him to have been the ablest, most useful and far seeing statesman of his time He was abler than Hamilton, for Hamilton sat at his feet and learned from his lips the doctrine of nationality and union, he was greater than Jefferson, who, more politician than patriot, after the revolution preached the antagonistic idea of state supremacy, he was greater than John Adams, because, having an equally fiery and explosive temper, he ruled it down to habitual dignity and serene self-control, he was greater than Franklin, who was a great diplomatist and politician rather than a practical statesman, as the discussions which preceded the adoption of the constitution show John Marshall writes that without Washington's voice the confederation would never have become a nation of states, that his personal influence was behind all the agitation that ended in the adoption of the constitution. His vast personal weight of character and intellect bore down the scales for union and nationality at a time when, but for him, the experiment would have been rejected. Washington, the statesman, who planted our state on the deep-bolted foundation of un on and national supremacy, is a large and more beneficent figure than Washington the sagacious soldier and stainless patriot for, like Cromwell, he had a rarer gift than the genius for eloquent speech, he had the genius of unerring judgment and eloquent action. Like Cromwell, too, he grows taller and wider every year. The mother country, against whom he warred, is to-day eager to claim him as the most illustrious man of English blood that modern history records. The greatest English poet of the century, Byron, makes him the theme of noble lines of lofty praise, Green, the greatest English historian of our day, places him on the same level with John Hampden, the greatest English statesman, Fox, spoke of him as a man whose moral and intellectual majesty of character impressed him with a sense of reverance and awe. Napoleon, when first consul, paid public honors to his memory, the Duke of Wellington hung a copy of Stuart's portrait of Washington in the place of honor in his drawing room, and once said, "Not only was Washington, in my judgment, he purest and most patriotic man of modern times, but he was also the stateliest, most majestic and the most modest of men."

OVER PRESSURE IN SCHOOLS.

The London *Lancet* severely denounces the fallure of the average teacher to discriminate between the capacity of pupils to endure pressure, in respect to temperament, ability, bodily health and home circumstances. Children are put to learn lessons which their circumstances make impossible, incapacity that arises from disease is confused with deliberate indolence, timid and super sensitive children are punished as harshly as the most rugged and thick skinned scholar. The *Lancet* says that, as a rule, masters cane the wrong boys, because they are not alive to the vast difference of temperament which makes a punishment tolerable in one case most injurious in another. This is grious schooling, says this high medical authority, is responsible for most deplorable nervous consequences. Mat hew Arnold, a high school bill must for many years, expresses his contempt for the teachers and methods of his own country as compared with those of Germany, where the reasoning faculties are cultivated, rather than the memory, as in England. The result is that in the German schools the children are human. Dr Hertel, a Danish scientist, who instituted an inquiry into the health of the school children of the better classes in Copenhagen, found about one-third of the boys suffering from some more or less serious chronic complaint. In the mixed schools 18 per cent. enter sickly, and in the third school year the number of sickly boys is about doubled, while in the second classical class over 41 per cent. were sickly. Especially worthy of note was the sudden increase in the proportion of feeble boys when they reach the age of twelve and one-half, due as Dr. Hertel conjectured, to the development of manhood, which then begins. The complete change which the whole organism then undergoes is preceded by a short period of greater delicacy than usual with greater susceptibility to unfavorable internal influences. While from 9 to 12 years of age boys grow about 5½ inches in height and increase 19 pounds in weight, and between 17 and 20 years grow in hight but 2½ inches, and in weight 23 pounds, the period of grow h from 13 to 16 is marked by a growth of 9½ inches in hight and an increased weight of 44 pounds During this ater period the entirely artificial condition which school life inv os es in the habits and feelings of the child is considered by Dr. Hertel as the chief cause of the alarming invalid em his tab es show. With girls the case is stil worse. Twelve per cent. enter school and 61 per cent. emerge from it more or less sickly.

Dr. Hertel concludes, since no other important factor can be found adequate to explain this deterioration of health, that it is "an established fact that the school as now conducted, with all the concomitants of school life, undoubtedly exercises a pernicious influence upon the health of the child."

Dr Crichton Browne, an eminent English observer, writes that overpressure falls not on all alike, but chiefly on clever children who are forced forward to win scholarships The case is always the worst with girls who feel emulation and the dangerous thrill of success or failure more than boys. They are more susceptible to all the physical disturbances "which are likely to exercise a more and more predominant influence in the production of disease as civiliza ion advances" The highest functions of the nervous system are latest evolved and the earliest to decay, and it is precisely to these that the strain is applied. "The brain," says Doctor Browne, "is made up of explosive material, the explosiveness of which may be increased or diminished, and it is the brains of girls that are more likely to become over excitable"

True education, especially of girls, which is the great want of our time must be first of all hygienic. Parents with false views of life and of school, not seldom allow frail, over anxious consequence is suffering and incapacity. Dr. Browne thinks that the narrowness of mind and weakness of character, the paucity of information and slowness of intellect shown by so many originally bright and precocious boys after long years of costly schooling, their long period of listlessness and depression, their "loss of hat keen interest in life which even healthy young animals should feel, are the too common symptoms of that nervous exhaustion, impaired nutrition, poverty of blood, imperfect appetite and sleep which is distinctively school bred."

Now if we turn from this record of foreign testimony to the evils of over pressure in schools to that of our own country we shall find a state of things nearly identical. Dr. Kempster, at one time superintendent of the northern hospital for the insane of Wisconsin, in a public address once said that "the system now in vogue of forcing a vast amount of all kinds of knowledge into the minds of the average child at school is one of the potent causes of mental disease later in life. The mind is overstrained in the effort to master things to the study of which it has no inclination. The curriculum is made to cover too wide a compass and there is too much striving for universality in our school educat on" The doctor believed that any attempt to disregard the special aptitudes of a child would only result in disappointment and sometimes in disaster. The evil of the day in this country is nervousness, which is, in fact, becoming a national malady. If the body stands the strain long enough the disease attacks the machinery of the mind, producing some form of insanity. The seeds of nervousness and ultimate insanity are too often sown in the schoolroom. Emerson once said, "We are students of words, we are shut up in schools and colleges and recitation rooms for ten or fifteen years and come out at last with a bag of wind, a memory of words and do not know a thing." The memory, in its maximum development, is but a poor, delusive and unserviceable instrument, except it be wielded by an understanding that has been stimulated to something like coaval and equal growth. The excessive drill of modern schools and colleges paralyzes and stunts more minds than it quickens, as the average graduate has a jackass load of superficial learning instead of well-trained thinking powers. He has generally a brassy rhetoric that makes his speech sound like a clanking cymbal, rather than like the words of trumpet blast and bugle blow, and it takes him ten years to drop it for clearness, simplicity and forcible directness of expression He has plenty of flatulent sentiment, but no blood heat a style and thought, for the simple reason that the man's body has become anemic in the so-called education of his mind, and given an anemic body, you are sure to get bloodless speech and thought. His mind has been early enfeebled by cramming his brain prematurely in childhood at the expense of his mental and bodily health, he has had his memory stimulated out of proportion to the rest of his faculties.

By young children no lesson should ever be learned at home; all that the child is reasonably capable of should be got out of him in school. When school is out the child should be a young out door animal playing furiously like all young animals, not working like a horse that furnishes power to a treadmill. The public school as a rule has no mercy on "lame ducks," on the dull, super-sensitive, shy, feeble child. No training can change a gazelle into a sturdy ox that unceasingly treads out the corn, but that is something that the modern school system does not know, or if it knows chooses to inhumanly forget. The pace of every public school should be moderated so that practically it will decrease, not multiply, the lame ducks, who, when they go lame at school go lame generally all their days until dismissed by death.

Journalistic amenities in Idaho appear to have reached, or nearly reached, high water mark. The editor of the *Inter-Idaho* refers to his friend of the *Idaho Statesman* as "a corrupt whelp of Satan," who is "a cancerous excrescence" polluting the fair name of the city of Boise. He says that he intends to keep on hurling hot shot at him from his journalistic locker until "the thin mantle of quasi-respectability is torn from his shoulder, revealing him as he really is—reeking with corruption, morally leprous, sin-stained, debased, despised, abhorrent, abominated, detested, scoffed at, reviled, a liar and a sneak!" But the *Statesman* editor doesn't wince under these personalities. Known as an ardent Hipple-Mitchellite, he is aware that nothing worse than this term involves can possibly be said against him, so he doesn't mind the characterization that the epithets of his editorial brother give him, but—

Turns to the stroke his adamantine scales
That fear no discipline of human hands!

On Saturday THE OREGONIAN contained a short ex ract from an article that appeared as an editorial in the Corvallis *Leader*, in which gratification was expressed because of the resignation of Secretary Manning, and the remark was made, moreover, that the democratic party would be glad when the time should come for Cleveland to go into partnership with Manning in the bank business. We now have information that this article, which appeared in the *Leader*, in the absence of the editor, ought to have appeared as a communication; since that paper approves, as THE OREGONIAN does, the financial policy of the administration.

A democratic brother writes "The republican doctrine is that a colored man has no right to be a democrat." He has the same right to be a democrat that a white man has, but it looks mighty bad in him to be a democrat, since, if democratic policy could have prevailed, he would still be a slave. A man has a right to clasp the hand that murdered his father, but he might be excused for not doing it, and indeed would be thought of all the better for not doing it.

During the year 1886 the city of Minneapolis paid $896,700 in fire premiums, and St. Paul paid $660,011. Over 150 insurance companies have agencies in the two cities A local St. Paul company does more business than any other Of outside companies the Ætna of Hartford is far in the lead.

"If we can't make school books in Oregon," says a country paper, "it's high time we were learning to do it." Probably. And likewise if we can't make Krupp guns, isn't it high time we were learning to do it? These arguments are not very profound.

There is a cry in all parts of the country that the cars love must go Public opinion will force the railways to heat their cars by steam The newspapers are pushing a national campaign on this issue And the kerosene lamp must go from the cars too.

For the Cunard steamers, an average speed of 18.40 knots upon their trips across the Atlantic, is claimed by the published tables of the company. The average speed of the Norddeutschen Lloyd steamers is put at 16 10 knots.

NECROLOGY.

Mrs. Wm Mason died recently at her home in Monmouth, aged 71. She and her husband, who still survives, were among the early pioneers of this country.

Mrs. Elias Keeney, residing four miles east of Halsey, died on last Tuesday of consumption, aged about 47 years. She leaves a large family, one son, G. W. Keeney, residing in Albany.

Wm. Maloney, of Grave creek, Douglas county, died at his home from injuries received by being caught by a falling shed during the recent snowstorm. Mr. Maloney was a pioneer, having lived in Douglas county many years

Mrs. Agnes T. Day, wife of J. G. Day, died at her residence, one mile northeast of Eugene City, Lane county, on Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1887, after a brief illness. Deceased leaves a husband, a son, R. M. Day, of the firm of Day & Henderson, and other children.

Last Saturday Mrs. Wallace, mother of Dr. J. F and T. L. Wallace, died at her home about three miles from Albany, after a protracted illness. Mrs Wallace came with her husband to Oregon from Tennessee, in which state she was born, in 1833, and was 54 years of age.

Mrs. Martha Goss died at the residence of her son in Walla Walla, February 16, aged 80 years Deceased was the mother of J. M. Goss and Mrs Sarah Gerking of Walla Walla. She was born in Russell county, Va., removing to Missouri in 1847, thence to this territory ten years ago.

W. C Breeding, who died at his residence on North Four Mile, Whitman county, W. T., aged 52, was born in Lane county, Oregon, June 17, 1834, where he lived through childhood and grew into youth. He migrated with his father's family to the Nez Perces country in 1874, settled on his homestead and was married in August 1876. He was the father of four children.

Walla Walla *Union* Died, Sunday, Feb 13, Mrs. Mary Paul, at the residence of her son, Thomas Paul, on Dry creek, in the 83d year of her age. Mrs. Paul was born in Monroe county, West Virginia, December 6, 1805. She was married to Rev Joseph Paul, deceased, on the 25th day of August, 1824, and came to the Walla Walla valley with her husband and family in 1862 She leaves two children in Walla Walla, Thomas Paul and Mrs. A. Ewing, and two in Iowa, Mrs. J M. Tool, of Monroe, and Mrs. Dr. Farley, of Palmyra, besides numerous grandchildren.

FAITH.

A lone rugged pine on a wild, barren shore,
Stood mocking the wind and the sea,
While a tall, graceful palm on a far sunny isle
Was whispering these words unto me
"Sometimes in the far away long distant years,
My pine tree will soar unto me,
On the crest of the tide mid its wreck and its foam,
In the froth of the yeasty sea." —*Exotic.*

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Agents

For Coughs and Colds

Try our "*Pectoral Balsam*" (copyrighted), the old and reliable cough medicine prepared by S. G Skidmore & Co druggists, 161 First street.

MEETING NOTICE.

I. O. O. F—Regular meeting of Samaritan Lodge No 4 this (Wednesday) evening at 7 30 o clock Members are requested to attend Visitors always made welcome By order H S ALLEN, Sec y

MARRIED.

In the city Feb 20 at the residence of the bride's parents by Rev J Q A Henry Mr O J Campbell of Cheney, W T and Miss Maggie Bothwell

Mr Campbell is a prominent citizen of Spokane county The newly wedded couple will reside there They have the congratulations of many friends

DIED.

In Albina Feb 21 at the residence of W H Vaughn Mrs Julia Ann Reed 60 years and 1 month Funeral will take place at St Davids church, Eastmoreland at 11 A M to day

At St Vincent hospital Feb 20 of cancerous tumor, Martha A wife of W. G Sellers aged 57 years Funeral from residence in Sellwood Tuesday at 2 P.M. Burial at Riverview cemetery California papers please copy

In this city Feb 21 Ruth wife of F Beal

H. SCHWAB & BRO., Leading Pawnbrokers, LOWEST PRICES. 5 WASHINGTON ST

NEW TO-DAY.

MR. J. DROUILHAT

Has become proprietor of the Campbell Restaurant and hopes to give satisfaction to the old patrons of the house in all respects

WHEN WE WISH A GOOD DINNER WE GO to see Mrs Drouilhat at the Campbell Restaurant 85 First st

WHEN YOU WANT A GOOD DINNER GO TO Drouilhat's 10 First st

OLD FOLKS' CONCERT!

TO NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

AT GRACE M. E. CHURCH.

PROGRAME

Chorus, 'Auld Lang Syne' Forty Voices
Solo, 'Grandma's Advice' Miss Eva Smith
Quartette, with obligato solo, 'Farmer John' W. S Powell
Solo, 'The Battle Prayer' L. Rouault
Reading Miss Kate Harper
Solo and chorus "Cousin Jedediah," John Mc all
Duet, 'Sing on Sue' Clarence French, John Mc all
Solo 'Mother and Home' Mrs. Edwin Mather
Reading 'Marriage in the Farm.' Miss Tupper
Solo, "A Father's Love" W. T. Brunker
Declaration of independence Miss Kate Tupper
(Assisted by thirteen young ladies, in costume.)
Chorus of forty voices, conducted by Mr J. A. Gill
Orchestra accompaniment

ADMISSION 50 CENTS

NEW MARKET THEATER

THOMPSON OPERA CO.

HEART AND HAND.

THURSDAY, by request,

"THE MUSKETEERS."

ONLY MATINEE SATURDAY.

Prices, 75c, 50c, 25c.

Seats on sale at Prentiss's music store.

NEW TO-DAY.

NATURAL RELATION AND HEAD NOTE gymnastics rehearsal stage business and acting taught Gymnastic and Shakspearian classes at 9 per month Miss Mae Larowe, removed to 201 Third st, Burnsbrigge building

WANTED—TWO DRY GOODS SALESMEN Address Dry Goods care Oregonian 278

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED HOUSE CALL at 174 second st, between 1 and 2 o'clock 272

FOR SALE—LOTS ON RUSSELL ST, $60 IN installments Cash 5 PITTENGER BROS Albina

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS WITH USE OF piano at 14 Fourth st bet Alder and Morrison

HOW TO LIVE AND WHERE TO GET WHAT is good is the question Consult the New York Restaurant

BERGER & BOCK HOUSE PAINTERS AND Paperhangers Tinters in mixed paints and wall paper 204 Salmon st

FOR SALE—1 BRIGHT PIANO ELEGANT BED Room suite Sideboard Carpets stove and nearly new, Apply to 48 Ash st 290

TIMBER FOR SALE—ON 70 ACRES, FOUR miles east of Stark street ferry, cash engage at per to clear five acres of same 241

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR SEC ond work and to take care of children Apply at 23 Ninth st cor Montgomery 270

A GIRL WISHES SITUATION TO DO GEN eral housework and cooking in a private family Call at 82 Ninth st cor Salmon and Main 247

FOR RENT—A FARM OF 21 ACRES OF BEAVER dam land good house and barn near Beaverton Inquire at Eug no D White's 143½ First s 226

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work in a small family, of Scandinavian parentage preferred Apply at 327 Tenth st, cor Madison 246

THEATRICAL & M SQUELAQE COSTUMES for sale or hire S CARUTH NW cor Fifth and Hoyt 1216 Cash or very low terms 2151

OUR CIGARS and HOMES MADE your home REED & BUCK 4th and Morrison 2 2616

WOOD—GO TO L C LONGER'S ROOF OF Yard cor 1st and Ash for ALL KINDS OF WOOD Telephone No 48 26 tm

DECORATIVE and PLAIN designing Interior by Roger & Boggs 41 Ash st 276 tf

ANY PERSON HAVING SALOON OR SALOON fixtures for sale would do well to address THOMPSON Oregonian Business entirely confidential

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED room in modern conveniences early in April state low est rent Address Steady tenant care Oregonian 277

WANTED—A PORTER WHO IS STRONG and good company at dinner that position is desired by one of the best dry goods houses in the city, must be well recommended and understand the business Address SCHWABACHER BROS., Walla Walla W T

EAST PORTLAND REAL ESTATE—A YOUNG man who has to invest ten cent lots or a house and ground give cash and price Address Real Estate care Oregonian 216

LOST—BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND ALDER and Fifth and Sixth a pocket book containing $20 in money Will the finder please return same to Oregonian office

A DRUGGIST FROM THE EAST WISHES A situation willing to invest a few hundred dollars in the business of the city or country Address DRUGGIST, Box 1 Lebanon Linn county Or

MOFFETT Lebanon Block

KENWORTHY'S ADDITION—FINE QUARTER block for sale high and healthful most desirable residence property in the market

PUTNAM & YOUNG Agents 10 Stark s

WE SUPPLY, FREE OF CHARGE, TAGS and cards enabling persons away from the city to order specialties or purchases of the proper firm Pam L. G HENRICHSEN Portland Or

THE BUILDING OCCUPIED BY US IS FIRST class, for lease possession given immediately store and fixtures selling $1,600 will be sold at a bargain, or cheaper rent to suit the times Gro A LOMBARD 207

$950—$250 CASH BALANCE ON OR BEfore five years at 8 per cent will buy nice corner lot in South Portland size 50 x 100 on Nevada street between Hamilton and Vaughn Address J V ALLEN, No 9 Washington st Portland Or

WANTED—A CASHIER TO TAKE CHARGE of the retail department of a large wholesale and commission grocery house Must be a man of large experience and understanding of the general merchandise business somewhat best of references required Address SCHWABACHER BROS Walla Walla W T

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TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

FIRST CLASS OFFICES TO LET IN SEASONable rates Apply to D SPRAGUE 181 First st

FOR RENT—ROOMS & STABLE FOR OFFICES or lodging on second floor of brick at SE cor Front and Washington sts R KILLIN room 14, Sherlock building

FOR RENT—IN THE ELEGANT STONE BLOCK, First and Main sts two corner suites with kitchens, none but respectable families need apply 161tm

FOR RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms at the Vanna House 147½ Third st 222tf

BALDWIN LODGING-HOUSE—REFURNISHED throughout complete change moderate prices by day, week month 228½ second bet Salmon & Main

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS, en suite or single also furnished and unfurnished rooms for housekeeping 22 First st 22atf

TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH BOARD.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD at 103 Sixth st 1817

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, PLEASantly situated on street car line, Inquire at 211 Morrison st, corner Sixth 1369

MAN AND WIFE CAN HAVE ROOMS AND board in a private family Address B S care Oregonian 1817

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MRS GRACE M. MORSE, NINE, RESIDENCE southwest corner Sixth and Caruthers st 2310

HENRY ACH ATTORNEY AT LAW, 416 California st, San Francisco, Cal Firm, Rothchild & Ach

NOTICE—HEREAFTER ALL LETTERS TO ME should be sent by N P express mail to Page's Gorge, W T N J BLAGEN January 14 1687 205

NOTICE—MISS BERTHA HECHT, OF SAN Francisco, has opened a first-class hairdressing establishment at 24 Morrison st Ladies who favor her with their patronage can rest assured of securing first class work at reasonable prices Hairdressing and shampooing a specialty No 24 Morrison st Hirn

JOHN THOMPSON & CO, HAVE BEEN APpointed Agents for the purchase of Rag Stock for the Columbia River Paper Company and are prepared to purchase for cash, Rags Burlaps, Manilla Rope and all other kinds of Paper Stock Old Iron and Metal of all kinds 45 and 47 First Portland Or 4m tf

BUSINESS CHANGES.

FOR SALE—CHEAP ON ACCOUNT OF FAILing health a restaurant centrally located and doing good business Address W H, care Oregonian

WANTED—A LIVE PARTNER WITH $500 to $1 000 to pay a paying business $4 5 to $30 per week clear of all expenses married man preferred Call for further particulars at Wickham Real Estate Agent Ashland Oregon 240

FOR SALE—ONE HALF INTEREST IN THE Standard Roller Mills and property thereto belonging, in best grain growing section of Oregon Address W H BOHLMAN McCALLEY Walla Walla W T

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF a mill crew business in Corvallis one of the best townsin Oregon this is a rare chance for any one to engage in the milling business For further particulars, inquire of F REISCHAUER MAYER & CO Portland Oregon 18 1m

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT AFTER APRIL 10—A first-class hotel in a live growing town, 60 inhabitants Furniture for sale on or before April 10 CYRUS Lebanon Or 291m

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A FIRST CLASS saloon on First st good locality and doing a good business cash payments a matter of no consequence Apply to I P LIGHTNER Real Estate Agent Third st bet Alder and Washington 176

COUNTRY STORE FOR SALE, DOING A CASH business, 15 miles from Portland, on West Side R R, telegraph railroad express and postoffice in same building Apply to A J Hamilton Beaverton Or 211tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHNSTON & LAWRENCE, PLUMBERS GAS and Steam Fitters, and dealers in Gas Fixtures Pumps and Brass Goods Pump Bath Tubs Wash Basins and and Iron Pipe, No Water Motors etc, sole agents for Dunne's Steam Pumps No 168

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

GILMAN & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

No. 41 First St., bet. Yamhill and Taylor.

SALES MADE of Real Estate, Furniture, Stocks, Bonds, Horses, Carts, Buggies, Harness, etc.

Tuesday & Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Will sell at our salesroom, No. 41 First st.,

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, FEB. 22d,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

A FULL LINE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

To be sold on account of

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

—OF THE—

Entire Bar, Store Fixtures

AND BATH FITTINGS.

To be instructed by Mr. C. Hilton, to sell at auction on the premises, No. 147 Front st., between Morrison and Yamhill sts.,

Tuesday, Feb. 23, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

the entire bar and bath fixtures, consisting of one handsome 12-foot bar, with counter to match; one 12-foot back bar, with shelves, mirrors, etc.; one 12-foot show case; one 6-foot show case; one 4-foot show case; one 3-foot show case; one 2-foot show case; one 8-foot counter; one 6-foot counter; one 4-foot counter; one 3-foot counter; one 2-foot counter; one 8-foot table; one 6-foot table; one 4-foot table; one 3-foot table; one 2-foot table; one 8-foot settee; one 6-foot settee; one 4-foot settee; one 3-foot settee; one 2-foot settee; one 8-foot bench; one 6-foot bench; one 4-foot bench; one 3-foot bench; one 2-foot bench; one 8-foot stool; one 6-foot stool; one 4-foot stool; one 3-foot stool; one 2-foot stool; one 8-foot chair; one 6-foot chair; one 4-foot chair; one 3-foot chair; one 2-foot chair

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, Feb. 21.

Overland receipts include 21 cattle, 46 bls broom-corn, car springs, wagons, 19 cs axes, 20 bxs lawn mowers, 200 bdls seaths, 11 cs hats, 2 cs overalls, 32 bdls chairs, 4 cs cigars, 4 cs cigarettes, 22 butts 128 bxs 44 cads tobacco, 60 copy presses, 4 cs 1 bl dry goods, 1 bl blankets, 1 cs flannel, 1 cs umbrellas, 5 cs underwear, 3 cs millinery, 6 cs hosiery, 2 cs 12 bxs wooden ware, 1 cs suspenders, 12 cs 2 bls c p goods, 6 cs shirts, 56 bxs sieves, 34 barrows, 25 cs candles, 4 pkgs 8 bbls glassware, 3 cs clothing, 240 cs boots and shoes.

To-morrow being a legal holiday the Eastern exchanges will close. Market reports will be meager.

The supply of wheat in sight in the United States (exclusive of California and Oregon) and Canada is given by telegraph Feb. 21 as 59,886,502 bushels, a decrease for a week of 1,433,414 bushels. At the same date last year the supply was 72,734,787 bushels, and the decrease for a week 780,559 bushels. The decrease for week ended Feb. 27 last year was 357,028 bushels.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 48 hours: 1220 ctls wheat, 714 bbls flour, 1488 ctls oats, 63 sks potatoes, 20 sks onions, 14,220 lbs hides, 4 cs butter, 27 cs eggs, 258 bxs fruit, 40 pkgs dried fruit, 6 sks flaxseed, 34 cattle, 7 hogs. Also from the eastern section 1902 ctls wheat, 263 bbls flour, 5200 lbs hides, 200 ctls millstuff, 4 cs eggs.

EXPORTS—To San Francisco per steamer Columbia: 7268 ctls wheat, 9 sks (1035 lbs) wool, 40 crates 163 sks onions, 2170 sks potatoes, 415 ctls oats, 200 bbl 1734 qr sks flour, 1176 bxs apples, 14 sks horse radish, 5 rls leather, 16 coops chickens, 1 bbl 25 cs cider, 1 bbl 40 bxs dried fruit, 11 bls calf skins, 6 bls pelts, 21 salt hides, 7 cs flannels, 10 cs manufactures, 33 cook stoves, 72 pots, 62 tons old rails, 13 bbls 2 bdls scrap iron, 27 sks bones, 27 sks glue-stock, 2600 bd s lath, 45 cs shoes, 15 cs rubber boots, 200 bls steel, 600 bls manilla hemp, $5585 treasure.

IMPORTS—From San Francisco per steamer State of California included 210 bf 308 bbls 193 bxs 285 sks sugar, 285 pkgs tea, 54 sks 7 cs coffee, 80 bls 830 sks sa t, 1243 sks beans, 10 bf bbls pickles, 25 sks 50 mats rice, 724 cs canned goods, 7 cs extract 77 cs soda, 122 pkgs spice, 50 cs soap, 76 cs baking powder, 10 cs meat, 15 cs tinfoil, 23 cs candles, 65 cs paste, 60 bxs fish, 240 tins matches, 35 bf bbls 150 cs butter, 51 cs cheese, 38 cs honey, 8 bxs fruit, 106 pkgs vegetables, 33 sks malt, 57 bxs oranges, 60 cs lemons, 25 kegs lard, 25 cs dried fruit, 6 cs figs, 8 bls nuts, 53 bls bags, 6 cs hats, 10 cs rubbers, 102 cs boots and shoes, 13 bbls varnish, 5 bbls oil, 7 cs 80 kegs paint, 55 bbls plaster, 35 pkgs iron, 15 bbls bluestone, 65 pigs lead, 12 bars steel, 80 kegs shot, 7 bls twine, 207 cls rope, 6 cs tobacco, 38 cs cigars. Also for Astoria 54 bf 29 bbls sugar, 115 sks beans, 31 kegs pickles, 50 sks 90 mats rice, 220 cs canned goods, 26 cs 1f bls meal, 24 cs candles, 92 cs paste, 7 kegs fish, 10 tins matches, 15 cs butter, 70 sks barley, 7 cs meat, 58 bars iron, 193 pigs lead, 123 pigs tin, 23 kegs nails, 22 bls twine, 4 cls rope, 3 cs cigars.

FREIGHTS—No arrivals. The Audreta remains open so far as reported, rumor continuing to connect the vessel with a flour freight. The Abercorn, to arrive, has lost her charter

WHEAT—The American visible marks a material decrease but the Eastern markets are again lower, closing cables indicate weaker markets, and San Francisco is not so firm. Here no transactions are spoken of the market being without change or new interest. Shipments by steamer include 301 tons valley product.

FLOUR—Receipts free and include 400 bbls valley country. Shipments by steamer include some valley standard. The market is firm with fair request.

OATS—Receipts include the lot out by steamer. Local supplies are rather freer but all offered has been taken up. Three cars sold to dealers at 48@49c while commission men secured up to 52c from consumers. The market is 48@50c to sell in free of commission.

POTATOES—Shipments appear light. The markets are without new interest.

EGGS—Firm at 25c and there is a fair prospect of an advance should receipts keep small.

CHICKENS—Quite a lot out by steamer, prices here being low. Supplies free.

BUTTER—California roll in large receipt but firm at 22@25c.

CABBAGE—Firm at 2½c.

BANKERS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—General interest in the German elections and the near approach of a holiday acted as campers upon speculation to-day, and the market was the dullest of the season. The opening was at nearly the closing changes from Saturday's closing quotations were for insignificant fractions only. The market was weak from the opening, and declines ranging up to ⅞ were established in the first hourly minutes, after which prices fluctuated within a very narrow range, upon constantly decreasing business, and with a general downward tendency, until noon, when the movement in prices became imperceptible and business stagnant. There was a slight depression in prices in the last hour, and though the market closed better than the lowest figures generally, it was only steady.

Government bonds and state bonds were dull and steady.

Mining shares were dull, with the following closings: 5 Con Cal & Va $15, Belcher $1 75, Bodie 20, Con Cal & Va $15, Deadwood $1 75, Gould & Curry $5 25, Iron Silver $2 50, Iron Hill $1 80, Horn Silver $1 40, Mexican $6 25, Plymouth $15 50, Stanislaus $2 40, Union $4 15.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Money on call, easy at 3½@4½, closed at 4 bid. Prime mercantile paper, 7@8. Sterling exchange, firm and steady at 4 85½ for sixty day bills and 84 88½ for demand.

BONDS.

6s	100½	4½s (coupon)	110½
4s (coupon)	126½	Pacific 6s	126½

STOCKS.

American Express	109	N. Y. Central	112⅜
Canadian Pacific	62	Oregon Navigation	101⅛
Canada Southern	53	Transcontinental	32½
Central Pacific	35½	Improvement	38
Ills Grande	24½	Pacific Mail	35⅝
Erie	33⅛	Texas Pacific	25⅛
Kansas & Texas	21⅛	Union Pacific	56⅜
Northern Pacific	27½	U. S. Express	62
N. P. Preferred	59	Fargo Express	128
Northwestern	114½	Western Union	73¼

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Trading very light in the morning board, and prices generally lower. After the board the leaders gave way, Consolidated California a selling at $18 75, Ophir at $20 12½, Best & Belcher at $9. On afternoon call the leaders were steady, while the middle stocks gave way and sold lower.

Con. Cal. & Va	18 75	Ophir	19 00
Best & Belcher	9 00	Potosi	7 75
Sierra Nevada	4 70	Challar	7 00
Hale & Norcross	5 25	Utah	6 25
Gould & Curry	4 55	Savage	5 00
N. H. Is	4 50	Union	4 00
Yellow Jacket	5 00	Belmont	2 50
Mexican	6 87½	Justice	1 50
Bodie	3 50	Benton	35
Alta	1 50	Peerless	75
Andes	75	Weldon	85

MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Consols, 100 15-16. Bank of England rate of interest, 4 per cent. Silver bullion per ounce, 49 11-16.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Silver bullion, per ounce, 101½. Sterling exchange, long $4 86¾; short, $4 88¾. U. S. bonds: 4s, 126½@126¾; 4½s, 110¾.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Transfers, 22½. Sterling exchange, 60 days, $4 86¾@4 86½; no documentary, $4 88½@4 88¾.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Weather at 9 A. M., rainy; wind west.

Receipts—Wheat, 800 ctls; flour, 24,000 ½ sks; barley, 1890 ctls; oats, 285 ctls; potatoes, 2199 sks.

Charters—Spot for cork, U. K., Ger. bk Josefa, iron, 875 tons, n. o. p., 30s by Hilton & Wilson.

Charters prior to arrival—Ital. bk Cornelio Zino, wood, 800 tons, at 30s to Cork, U. K.

Tonnage statement—In port, engaged, 20,000 tons; in port, disengaged, 102,400 tons; listed to arrive, 172,600 tons.

Wheat—Spot market inactive. There is only a small shipping demand; offerings are small; quotations nominal at $1 47½@1 50 for No. 1 shipping. In futures fair business doing in buyer season; other options neglected; buyer season lower at $1 51½@1 55½; closed at $1 55¾.

Barley—The market is easier; No. 1 feed, spot, $1; extreme, nominal; options slow; buyer season $1 02½; seller season, 97½.

Potatoes—Steady demand good; Burbanks $1 75 @2 25; Peerless $1 60@1 70; Garnet Chile $1 50@1 60.

Oats—Quiet; scarcely anything doing; buyers held at $1 Oregon $1 90@1 47½.

Bags—Steady at 6½c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Copper, dull.

Lead, steady.

Hops, quiet and steady.

Coffee, fair; options moderately active, closing barely steady. Sales, 79,500 bags; February, $12 65@12 80; March, April, May, June and July, $12 55@12 85; August, $12 50@12 60.

Sugar, quiet and steady.

Petroleum opened steady at 61¾, advanced rapidly to 62½, remained dull and steady till near the close, when it advanced quickly and closed strong at 63½.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Wheat lower; opened 73½c March, 73½c April, 75½c May, 80½c June. At noon, 73½c March, 74c April, 75½c May, 80½c June. Closed 73 March, 73½c April, 75½c May, 80½c June.

Provisions—Pork, $13 10 March; $13 10 May. Lard, $7 10 March; ribs, $7 65 March; short ribs, $7 80 cash.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Cattle—Receipts 7000; steady and strong; shipping steers, 950 to to 1500 lbs., $3 60@4 50; stockers and feeders, $2 60@3 60. Texas, corn fed, $3 00.

Hogs—Receipts 12,000; strong and 5 to 10 higher; rough and mixed, $5 15@5 55; packing and shipping, $5 50@5 75; light, $4 80@5 00.

Sheep—Receipts 9000; weak and 10@20 lower; natives, $3 60@4 90; Western, $3 50@4 55; Texans, $3 25; lambs, $4 50@5 60.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Wheat lower; opened 85½c March, 86½c April, 91½c May, 92½c June. At noon, 89½c March, 89½c April, 90½c May, 91½c June. Closed 89½c March, 90½c April, 91½c May, 91½c June.

Foreign Markets.

BEERBOHM.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Weather fine. Cargoes off coast, firm. Cargoes on passage quiet but steady. Mark Lane—Wheat steady; four quiet. Farmers' deliveries of wheat past week: 40,000 qrs at an average price of 33s per qr. 5 P. M.—Cargoes off coast, dull; cargoes on passage, slow of sale. English country markets, quiet but steady.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—Spot wheat and flour, steady. French country markets, firm.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 21.—Spot wheat inactive. Futures—No. 1 California, March, 7s 7d; April, 7s 7½d; May, June and July, 7s 7¾d.

THE LONDON WOOL SALES.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The next series of wool sales will begin March 22.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 21.—Wheat and corn, quiet and unchanged.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

SHIPPING NOTES.

Br bark Vallejo, hence September 9, with a wheat cargo, has arrived out in a passage of 164 days.

Br ship British Commodore, hence September 30, with a wheat cargo, has arrived out in a passage of 143 days.

Br bark Arthur Stone, hence October 5, with wheat, flour and salmon, has arrived out in a passage of 135 days.

The Arthur Stone is the first of the October fleet to report. The Seaforth sailed the same day. All the September and August fleet have reported. The Rebington, sailing 1st July, is now 211 days out, but as she has twice reported herself no fear is expressed as to her safety. Of the October fleet several are good sailers and will doubtless soon be heard from.

It is reported that the ship John A. Briggs has been sold to Captain Plummer, formerly of the ship Ericsson and others, and will probably be employed in the coasting trade. The price paid is said to have been $57,000. The Briggs registers 2033 tons, and is now at San Francisco.

Steamer Mariposa cleared from San Francisco, 15th inst., for Australia. She carried only 52 bbls and 400 cs salmon.

The Signal Service station at Cape Mendocino has been abandoned, and the apparatus removed to Eureka, Humboldt bay. This was rendered necessary by reason of the difficulty of communicating with headquarters, every little storm destroying the connections.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Arrived—Str Columa, Panama; ship Dashing Wave, Tacoma. Sailed—Str Walla Walla, Seattle; schrs Peerless, Pioneer and Ruby Cousins, coasting.

TACOMA, Feb. 21.—Arrived—Str San Pedro San Francisco.

ASTORIA, Feb. 21.—The Dixie arrived down with Br bk Ballochmyle last evening; Br ship Fatterdale reported passed out this morning for Cork.

PORT STEVENS, Feb. 21.—The vessel reported as passing out at noon turned back and anchored at Sand Island.

FOREIGN PORTS.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 21.—Arrived—18th, Br bk Arthurstone, hence October 5; 20th, Br bk Vallejo, hence September 3.

FALMOUTH, Feb. 21.—Arrived—19th, Br ship British Commodore, hence September 31.

CALIFORNIA.

TRIAL OF GOLDENSON.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Judge Murphy's court room was crowded this morning with the expectation of witnessing the trial of Alexander Goldenson, the murderer of little Mamie Kelly. The defendant's attorney moved for a continuance, but Judge Murphy refused to grant a continuance. P. F. Dunne said he had been appointed to serve as defendant's counsel without his consent. The Judge asked him if he declined to serve, and receiving an affirmative answer, excused him and appointed Alexander Campbell, Jr., in his place. "I will refuse to grant any further continuance," the court said, "and the trial will now proceed." The impanelment of the jury was then proceeded with. One juror was obtained, after which a recess was taken until this afternoon.

After recess the impanelling of a jury was continued, and without getting a full jury court adjourned until Wednesday.

TWELVE HOURS LATE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Owing to a heavy fall of snow along the line of the Central Pacific, the overland train that should have arrived in the city at 11:10 to-day is twelve hours late. Superintendent Fillmore says the railroad company will do everything possible to prevent a recurrence of a blockade like that of last week. Thirteen cars' mail from Oregon, from February 20 to the 21 inclusive, has arrived by special train over the California & Oregon line.

CHINESE BARK SOLD.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—The Chinese bark Kwong Tong was sold by the United States marshal to-day to Adolphus Bichhard, for $4100, in order to satisfy a claim for wages. The vessel came into port in distress last December, while on her way from China to Victoria, B. C. Six sailor left the vessel because the captain could not pay their wages, for which they brought suit, resulting as above.

DISASTROUS TRAIN ACCIDENT.

CISCO, Feb. 21.—At 10 o'clock last night a west bound freight, special, struck a broken switch rail at Truckee. Two engines and seven cars left the track and knocked down 100 feet of snow-sheds. Brakeman Wm. Rueeland was killed. The engineers and firemen escaped with slight injuries. The engines are badly wrecked. It is snowing hard.

SMALLPOX AT LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 21.—About twelve cases of smallpox of a light form are now in this city. The disease is supposed to have been brought from Mexico. Two deaths have occurred. It is stated it will not become epidemic.

STILL SNOWING AT TRUCKEE.

TRUCKEE, Feb. 21.—Snow is still falling here, and indications point to another blockade.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

IDENTITY ESTABLISHED.

ELLENSBURG, Feb. 21.—George Gilmore, who was shot and killed at Tunnel City by McCarty, a saloon keeper, was traveling under an alias. His real name is Gilmore Hodge, and he came to this city living at the Eighth precinct police station, corner Wilson and Brents streets, New York.

According to the Kittitas *Localizer*, "Gilmore was a desperate character and the leader of a gang of thieves who have been stealing from Bennett, Hagen and other railroad contractors doing work at the front and selling their plunder to the people in Tunnel City. Tuesday last McCarty told one of the gang in a friendly way that they had better skip the country. This man then went to Gilmore and told him McCarty had ordered them to leave town. Gilmore at once armed himself and started on the hunt for McCarty. They met on the street, and after some words, in which McCarty endeavored to persuade Gilmore that he meant no threat, the latter pulled his gun, and McCarty, well knowing the desperate character he had to deal with, quick as a flash drew his revolver and fired, the ball striking Gilmore in the neck. McCarty gave himself up to the sheriff, but was released and returned home Friday."

NOTES FROM WALLA WALLA.

WALLA WALLA, Feb. 21.—Peter Waldo, a colored youth of Roseburg, Oregon, is sick here in the hospital, having been sent from Waitsburg, where he developed the disease recently, consequent on a broken skull of long standing. He lately returned from Lewiston, where he went in search of a sister, from whom he was separated when they were small children, after the death of their mother Lane, with whom they lived. Papers received to-day show that the girl is living at Horseshoe Bend, Boise county, Idaho.

The wheat freight contracts to induce the building of a branch railroad from the Northern Pacific are being generally signed in the Waitsburg neighborhood.

STATE DISPATCHES.

NEWS ITEMS FROM SALEM.

SALEM, Feb. 21.—The governor has been busily engaged to-day in considering the business which came before the asylum board, which met this afternoon and continued in session for three or four hours, that he has looked over none of the bills to be signed. The asylum board opened the bids for supplies for the asylum and will award the contract Wednesday.

Frank Howard, a wretch who was arraigned at Albina a short time since for seducing his stepdaughter, was to-day released from custody, the grand jury having failed to find an indictment against him. His wife refused to appear against him.

Three indictments for embezzlement were found to-day against S. R. Foster, former agent of the Siuslaw Indian Reservation company in Salem. The company claims that they are injured by Foster's peculations in the sum of $1000, but they are able to prove the theft by him of only about $250.

ELECTION AT HEPPNER.

HEPPNER, Feb. 21.—The Heppner election resulted as follows: Henry Blackman, mayor; J. H. Hallock, recorder; M. C. McDougall, treasurer; J. B. Sperry, P. Garrigues, Tom Morgan, George Noble, F. Minor and E. R. Swinburne, councilmen. One hundred and twenty-three votes were cast.

A SUGGESTION TO "NATIVE SONS"

SALEM, Feb. 21.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I see by this morning's paper that the Pioneers are going to come together again, as is their wont and have an annual hand-shaking, and that they have selected Portland and June 15 next as the place and time for holding their reunion. Let me suggest that the Native Sons of Oregon make it a point to all be there. And I believe it will be the proper thing for us to have a meeting along about 1st of May, so that we may put ourselves in condition to merit the company of the older folks. Let's get together, say the 1st of May, and urge every Native Son of this first-grand-county-in-the-U. S. meet with us here in Portland at the same time the Pioneers meet, so that we may know one another—at least get acquaintec—to the end that some definite understanding may be arrived at as to whether we are going to be notable or not. I am aware of the fact that there are lots of boys in this state over 21 who were born here, and by proper notice the most of them will, I believe, become members of the Society if we have a reunion along with the Pioneers.

FRANK G. BAKER,
Secretary Native Sons of Oregon.

Why Will You Die?

SCOVILLE'S SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP, for the cure of Scrofulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Goitre, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility, Malaria, and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood. Certificates can be presented from many leading physicians, ministers, and heads of families throughout the land, endorsing SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. We are constantly in receipt of certificates of cures from the most reliable sources, and we recommend it as the best known remedy for the above diseases.

GERMAN ELECTIONS.

An Exceptionally Close and Stubborn Contest.

BISMARCK DEFEATED IN BERLIN.

Large Gains by the Socialists—Other Ballots Required in a Large Number of Districts—The Latest Returns.

BERLIN, Feb. 21—10 P. M.—The elections in this city resulted unfavorably for all the government candidates. In four of the six divisions second ballots will be necessary, but in each of these divisions the anti-septennate candidate has as present a majority. In the first division Klotz, new German liberal, has 7882, and Zedlitz Neukirch, septennist, 7008; a second ballot is necessary. In the second division Virchow, new German liberal, received 10,620, and Wolff, septennist, 10,163; another ballot is necessary.

In the Third division, Municke, new German liberal, received 10,400, and Christensen, socialist, 9800; there will be another ballot. In the Fourth division it is reported that socialist Singer is elected, but official returns from the divisions have not been received. In the Fifth district Faumbach, new German liberal, has 10,076, and Maj. Blump, septennist, 7009. In the Sixth division Hasenclever, socialist, is elected by a large majority over Greiling, new German liberal, and Holtz, septennist.

The exact strength of the government in the new reichstag will not be known until one or more votes shall be taken. It is anticipated that some members of the center party who opposed the septennate in the old reichstag, and who have been converted by the councils of the Vatican, will be returned to the new reichstag, how many is not known.

A STUBBORN CONTEST.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—An analysis of the polling shows that to-day's contest was unprecedentedly stubborn. As night advanced the excitement became intense. Thousands of people surrounded the newspaper offices, awaiting special editions giving returns. It is stated that Langen and Hasenclever have each over 12,000 majority. In this city second ballots are necessary in Koenigsburg, Elberfeld, Breslau, Lubeck, Deessau, Alstadt, Frankfort, Dantzic, Stellin, Cologne and Munich septennists are elected. In Bremen, Leipsic and Brunswick the socialist organization has been most complete. Socialist electors were brought to the polls in battalions. Two socialists are returned for Breslau. Richter is returned for Hagen. Prince Bismarck, on appearing at his polling station in the second division in this city, was greeted with a storm of cheers. According to the re-ballot arrangement, it is probable that Berlin will be represented by three new German liberals and three socialists.

THE LATEST RETURNS.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—In the fourth division of this city, Singer, socialist, received 28,923; Evers, septennist, 11,071, and Prof. Hemel, new German liberal, 1242. In the sixth division Hazenclever, socialist, received 30,457; Poltz, septennist, 18,981, and Greiling, new German liberal, 11,768. The net result of the Berlin vote is as follows: Socialist, 96,307; a gain of 62,000; septennist, 69,678; new German liberal, 85,834. The government parties have gained 13,600 votes, and the new German liberals have lost 50,000.

Returns from the provinces show losses by new German liberals. Herr Richter's organ, the *Freisinnze Zeitung*, consoles the party by declaring that the socialists profited by radical disasters. This, however, is not exactly the case, the combined conservative and national liberals, supporters of the septennate, securing many seats, though there is no clear prospect of their having a working majority, as the centerists seem to have voted in undiminished numbers. Forckenbeck, Sandberger, Stauffenberg and Gen. Von Mottke are re-elected. Metz elected Antoine, anti-German. Seven returned Stocker. A feature of the elections is the unusual number of second ballots necessary, a fact that proves the closeness of the contests.

AN OPINION FROM VON MOLTKE.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—A leaflet recently issued by the new German liberals stated that questions of peace or war must depend upon whether the peace effective was fixed for three, four or seven years. The *Llegnitzer Zeitung* referred the statement to Count Von Moltke, who telegraphed the following reply: "Only peace effective is certainly the same, whether it be fixed by seven or three years. But as regards the war strength, the former term gives more than double the number of trained reserves as compared with the shorter period. With the latter there must be permanences. It cannot be remodeled every three years in conformity with parliamentary resolutions."

The *National Zeitung* says that a number of French socialist societies have addressed a manifesto to their partisans in Germany, thus interfering with the electoral struggle, and further, that some lodges of American Knights of Labor have issued manifestos and forwarded contributions to German socialists, a fact affording fresh evidence that the character of social democracy is not national, it international.

THE ECCLESIASTICAL BILL.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—The new ecclesiastical bill provides that the bishops of Osnabrock and Limburg shall be authorized to establish seminaries for scientific training of priests; objections to appointments of priests to be admissable in cases where persons designated are considered unsuitable. Orders for expulsion from parishes are abolished. Only those priests are readmitted which devote themselves simply to religious or charitable duties.

CONSERVATIVE CONFERENCE.

Lord Salisbury Addresses his Adherents, at a Private Gathering, upon Government Affairs.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—A conference of the conservative party was held to-day at the foreign office. The conference was largely composed by the members of both the house of commons and the house of lords. The meeting lasted half an hour. Salisbury was accompanied by Goschen. Both were cheered repeatedly when they entered. The premier in his address to the conference referred lengthily to the late Earl of Iddlesleigh and the loss the government incurred by reason of his death. The marquis also dwelt on the secession from the government of Churchill, which the speaker described as "a considerable blow to the party." Goschen's acceptance of office under the present government, Salisbury said, had strengthened the conservative party. After making time for a month," continued the marquis, "we have arrived at serious business."

THE PLAN OF ACTION.

He then said he hoped the government would be able by reforming the rules of procedure to restore to the commons its capacity for work and its reputation for courtesy. "After which," he added, "we shall be able to deal with the question of local government in Ireland and other measures [loud cheers]. I hope." He said, "The present law will be sufficient to enable the authorities to cope successfully with disorder in Ireland. In any case all bills will be postponed until after the conclusion of the proceedings for the reform of the procedure rule and the action on the estimates. The government expects to present the budget during the first week in April." The marquis presided at a dinner of the party for the conservatives.

Several members urged that the government introduce in parliament the local government bill for England, Scotland and Wales, the provisions of which should be identical.

Edwin Delisle, conservative member, spoke, saying that as a Roman Catholic conservative he denounced the conduct of Archbishop Croke, of Cashen, Ireland, in openly encouraging the conduct of the Irish national leagues, and he would like to have the archbishop tried for this conduct, by a jury of English Catholics in London. This statement provoked great enthusiasm in the conference.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Indications Point to an Early Advance on Herat by Russia.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—*Star's* London cable: Dispatches from India state that Russian agents are organizing another rising of the Ghilzai tribes against England's ally, the ameer of Afghanistan. The Ghilzai chiefs have received supplies of Russian arms, ammunition and treasure, and are acting under direction of Russian officers. Enormous concentration of arms, munitions and war material at Merv, Samarcand and strategic points for threatening Herat, indicate that a Russian advance in the direction of Herat, and give color to the reported subsidizing of the Ghilzais by the Russians.

It has leaked out that the Indian government has warned the home cabinet that the ameer will shortly require effective support, and has asked for sanction to push forward troops to Candahar for that purpose. The application is hardly considered, and in the meantime the Indian authorities are taking matters into their own hands, as usual, and making the necessary dispositions of troops and stores, in anticipation of orders for an advance. This the liberal members of the council will bring to the notice of parliament, proving that Salisbury's policy has quite recently brought the country within a measurable distance of war with Russia, and that the relations between the countries are dangerously strained. Rumors from Constantinople to-night state that Bulgarian negotiations are at a standstill. England is charged by Russia with again stopping the way, by encouraging the regency to resists no that can only end in forcing Russian occupation of Bulgar s.

CANADA.

GOING TO BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—The *Times'* Ottawa, Ontario, special says: Advices received here by the government from New Foundland state that a large number of fishermen who have been living in a state of destitution in that province for the past year are preparing to leave and settle in British Columbia early in the spring. It is hoped in this way to relieve the great distress that so frequently prevails in New Foundland, and at the same time populate British Columbia.

PLAN OF THE GLADSTONIANS.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The Gladstonians have decided to make a proposal in favor of closure by simple majority, but will not make an amendment embodying the proposals.

Salt rheum, with its agonizing itch and pain is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Give it a trial.

"I would not live always." No; not if disease is to make my daily burden. But I need not, a good friend, and will not if you will be wise in time. How many of our loved ones are mouldering in the dust who might have been spared for years. The slight cough was unheeded, the many symptoms of disease that lurked within were slighted and death came. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" cannot recall the dead though it has snatched numbers from the verge of the grave, and will cure consumption in its earlier stages.

ENGLAND.

IN FAVOR OF COERCION.

LONDON, Feb 21.—The temper of the conservative conference to-day was distinctly in favor of Irish repression, and this was only appeased by Lord Salisbury's promise that as soon as the new procedure rules were adopted coercion would follow. The leading argument of the others was that the adoption of the procedure rules was the first step toward putting a stop to Irish obstruction tactics in parliament, and strengthening the action of the executive in Ireland. Chaplain and others, who are opposed to the picture proposal, threatened to revolt, but were cowed by Lord Salisbury's declaration that the ministry would resign unless the conservative party confidence solid. A vote of the conference resulted in absolute subordination to the leaders.

THE HOME RULE COALITION.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The present session of parliament has revealed a remarkable and unexpected solidity between the Gladstonian liberal party and the Irish allies, thus bringing together, in reality, as well as in name, English, Scotch, Welch, and Irish in one solid political combination for the achievement of home rule. It is a remarkable fact that not a single Gladstonian liberal who had been asked but promised to support Parnell's amendment to the address. It was prophesied that the plan of campaign would smash the home rule party into fragments, but the party survives, and the collation is stronger than it ever was before.

FARM NOTES.

Here is another sample of the wonderful productiveness of the Chehalis valley, says the *Vedette*. Noah Taylor, living near Greenwood, last season harvested and threshed from six and a half acres of land 270 bushels of No. 1 wheat, which weighed sixty-one pounds to the bushel.

W. G. Simpson, of Pierce county, has entered into a written contract with Isaac Pincus to furnish him 6000 pounds of hops of the crop of 1887 at 14½ cents per pound. Mr. S. A. Crisp entered into a similar contract with Mr. Pincus to furnish him 4000 pounds of hops of the crop of 1887 at 14½ cents per pound.

Polk County *Itemizer*: Monday last John Young sent us up half-a-dozen cigars made from tobacco raised on his farm near Dixie—the old Tatom place. They smoke as freely as the best ten-cent cigar in the market and are about three times as strong, and to an old smoker are just the thing he has been looking for. Mr. Young says he thinks Oregon can raise as good cigar tobacco as any state in the Union, but it takes experience. He raised between 500 and 1000 pounds.

Goldendale (W. T.) *Sentinel*: Mr. S. W. Childers, one of our fruitgrowers, who resides near Columbus, called upon us last Tuesday and expressed it as his opinion that the peach crop for this season is all killed. He thawed out one limb and every bud was dead. No other kind of fruit, he thinks, is injured. The trouble was caused by the mild weather in December and January, which hastened the fruitalong, peaches being almost ready to bloom when the cold snap came on.

Scovill's SARSAPARILLA
OR BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP
A peerless remedy for Scrofula, Wh Swellings, Cancer, Erysipelas, Gou Chronic Sores, Syphilis, Tumors, Carbuncles, Salt Rheum, Malaria, Bilious Complaints, and all diseases indicating an Impure Condition of the Blood, Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Bowels Skin, etc. This Grand Remedy is composed of vegetable extracts, chief of which are SARSAPARILLA and STILLINGIA. The cures effected are absolute. For sale by all Druggists.
JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York.
Write for Illuminated Book.

Cures Female Complaints. A Great Kidney Remedy. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

IN ONE MINUTE.
Rheumatic, Neuralgic, Sciatic, Sudden, Sharp and Nervous Pains and Aches relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER, the first and only instantaneous pain killing plaster. Sold everywhere. 25c; five for $1; or postage free of Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

FITS STOPPED FREE
Marvelous success. Insane Persons Restored by Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
For all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure. Fits, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervousness, Paralysis, Infatuation, Headache, Nervous Prostration, Softening of the Brain, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, Hardening of the Brain, Locomotor Ataxia, Insanity, Hysteria, Nervous Debility, Seminal Emissions, Sexual Exhaustion, Impotency, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Heart, Blood, Skin, Bladder, Womb, Rectum, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Irregularities and all Functional Derangements that result from Indiscretion or Excesses in later years.
YOUNG MEN
who may be suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretion will do well to avail themselves at once of the great remedy. DR. SPINNEY will send a valuable treatise and a $2.00 trial bottle free to any sufferer who may send him their address. Consultation free. Correspondence strictly confidential. Medicines sent everywhere by mail or express. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Beware of imitations and counterfeits. Don't be deceived by unprincipled druggists who may attempt to impose upon you with some worthless preparation on which they can make more profit. Dr. KLINE'S Great Nerve Restorer is sold only through agents. Don't be persuaded to take anything else. Don't be imposed upon by peddlers or strangers. Don't buy of any one who is not our regularly appointed agent. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Sold by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

ASTHMA CURED
GERMAN ASTHMA CURE
Instantly relieves the most violent attack, and insures comfortable sleep. NO WAITING for RESULTS. Being used by inhalation, its action reaches the head and certain, and a cure is the result in the most chronic cases. Simple in construction the most sceptical. Price 50c. and $1.00 of any druggist, or by mail. Sample Free for stamp. Dr. R. SCHIFFMANN, St. Paul, Minn.

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
For Liver, Bile, Indigestion, etc. Free from Mercury Containing Pure Vegetable Ingredients.
Agents—LANGLEY & MCBEARS, San Francisco

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA
Cures Pimples, Boils, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Mercurial Pains. It Purifies the Blood, restores the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action, and makes the Complexion bright and clear.
Sold by all Druggists,
J. R. GATES & CO., San Francisco.

Proposals for Bridge.
BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE of the County Clerk of Multnomah County on it March 9, 1887, for the construction of a bridge over the Fifteen Mile Point on the Portland and St. Helens road. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the County Clerk, Multnomah County. The right to reject any bid is reserved. By order of the county court. WM. CHURCH, JR., County Clerk.
Portland, Or., Feb 18, 1887. 19tf

WEAK MEN MADE STRONG
Men suffering from Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor, Lack of Development or Premature Decline, etc., resulting from indiscretion, excesses, etc., cured without Mercury, Starving, by the GREAT WASHINGTON TREATMENT. Sealed book free. Replies with information and advice free. Address MARSTON REMEDY CO., 19 Park Place, New York.

DEAFNESS Its causes, and a new and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by eminent specialists without benefit. Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application. H. SAUNDERS, No. 41 West 31st st., New York City. 16dly

MANHOOD RESTORED. A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-suffer